STATISTICAL RESULTS FROM THE FOOD ALLIANCE ATTITUDE/BEHAVIOR SURVEYS

March 1999

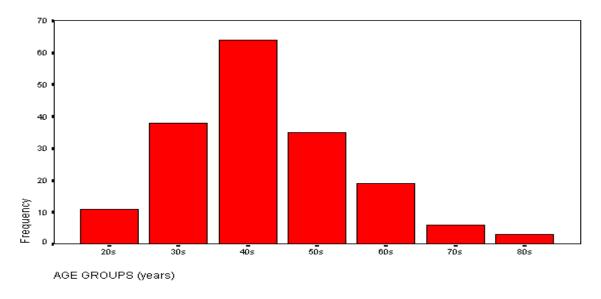
Summary by Andrea Clarke, Ph.D. - USDA-Natural Resources Conservation Service

Total number of surveys taken: 226

Over two days across five stores in the Portland, Oregon suburban area.

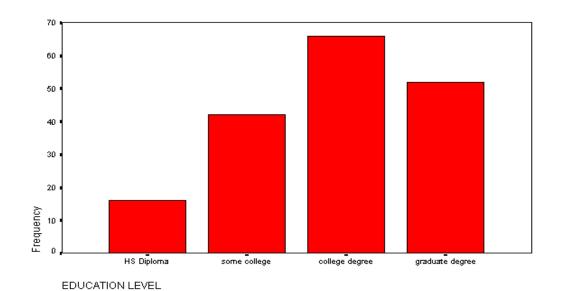
DEMOGRAPHICS

AGE CA	ATEGORIES			
			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percen	<u>t</u>
20s	11	4.9	6.3	
30s	38	16.8	21.6	
40s	64	28.3	36.4	<< most prevalent age group
50s	35	15.5	19.9	
60s	19	8.4	10.8	
70s	6	2.7	3.4	
80s	3	1.3	1.7	
	50	22.1	#people v	who declined to respond
				•
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 176



GENDER				
			Valid	
<u>Value</u>	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
_				
Male	85	37.6	37.8	higher percentage of women shoppers
Female	140	61.9	62.2 }	consistent with literature about consumers
	1	. 4	#people who	declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 225

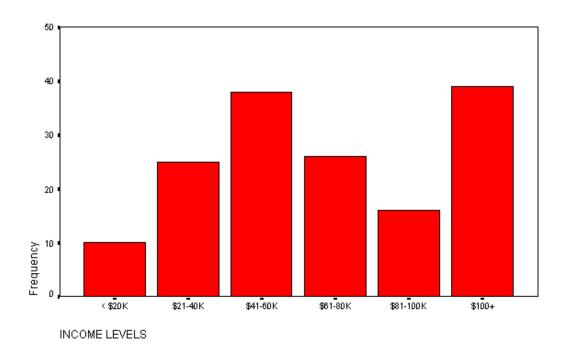
EDUCATION	EDUCATION LEVEL						
			Valid				
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent				
HS Diploma	16	7.1	9.1				
Some college	e 42	18.6	23.9				
College Deg	ree 66	29.2	37.5	} 67% college degree or higher			
Graduate de	gree 52	23.0	29.5	}			
	50	22.1	#people w	ho declined to respond			
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases:176			



NUMBER OF PEOPLE IN YOUR HOUSEHOLD (including yourself)

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
1	22	9.7	13.0	
2	70	31.0	41.4	<< majority of two person households
3	36	15.9	21.3	
4	31	13.7	18.3	
5+	10	4.4	5.9	
	57	25.2	#people wh	no declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 169

INCOME	INCOME LEVEL							
			Valid	!				
Value	Frequenc	cy Percei	nt Perce	<u>nt</u>				
\$<20K	10	4.4	6.5					
\$21-40K	25	11.1	16.2					
\$41-60K	38	16.8	24.7	<<				
\$61-80K	26	11.5	16.9					
\$81-100	K 16	7.1	10.4					
\$100K +	39	17.3	25.3	<<				
	72	31.9	#people	who declined to respond				
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 154				



DISTRIBUTION OF SURVEYS ACROSS STORES

			Valid
Value Frequ	ency	Percent	Percent
Palisades	23	10.2	10.2
Garden Home	32	14.2	14.2
Wilsonville	71	31.4	31.4
Stroheckers	58	25.7	25.7
Troutdale	42	18.6	18.6
Total	226	100.0	100.0

BEHAVIORAL OBSERVATION VARIABLES

For each survey, interviewers with stop watches and survey forms on clipboards, were instructed to pick a consumer in the produce department and observe their behavior with regard to the following questions.

DID PERSON STOP AT THE TFA PRODUCE DISPLAY?

			Valid
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent
no	123	54.4	54.4
yes	103	45.6	45.6
Total	226	100.0	100.0

DID PERSON LOOK AT TFA SIGNS ON DISPLAY?

			Valid		
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent		
no	175	77.4	78.5	< <most observ<="" people="" td=""><td>ved were not looking at signs</td></most>	ved were not looking at signs
yes	48	21.2	21.5		
	3	1.3	#missed o	bservations	
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases:	223

HOW DID THEY LOOK AT THE TFA SIGNS? (read or look?)

		Valid	
Frequency	Percent	Percent	
175	77.4	78.5	
19	8.4	8.5	
29	12.8	13.0	< <most at="" display="" just="" looked="" people="" signs<="" td=""></most>
3	1.3	#missed o	bservations
226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 223
	175 19 29 3	175 77.4 19 8.4 29 12.8 3 1.3	Frequency Percent Percent 175 77.4 78.5 19 8.4 8.5 29 12.8 13.0 3 1.3 #missed of the control of the cont

IF PEOPLE LOOKED AT (and/or read) THE TFA SIGNS, FOR HOW LONG? (latency measured in seconds)

		V	<i>alid</i>	
# seconds	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
1	1	. 4	2.4	
1	5	2.2	12.2	
2	11	4.9	26.8	<< most common amount of time
3	7	3.1	17.1	spent looking at signs
4	4	1.8	9.8	
6	1	. 4	2.4	
7	3	1.3	7.3	
9	1	. 4	2.4	
10	1	. 4	2.4	
11	2	. 9	4.9	
12	1	. 4	2.4	
13	1	. 4	2.4	
14	1	. 4	2.4	
19	1	. 4	2.4	
27	1	. 4	2.4	
	185	81.9	#observed r	not looking at signs +
				missed observations
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 41

DID PERSON PICK UP APPLE OR PEAR?

			Valid			
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent			
no	125	55.3	55.6			
yes	100	44.2	44.4			
	1	. 4	#missed o	bservatio	ns	
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid	cases:	225

DID PERSON PLACE APPLES/PEARS IN BASKET/SHOPPING CART?

			Valid		
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent		
no	131	58.0	58.2		
yes	94	41.6	41.8		
	1	.4	#missed o	bservations	
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases:	225

SUMMARY OF BEHAVIOR OBSERVATIONS (frequency of pro-environment behavior)

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
none	106	46.9	48.0	
1	10	4.4	4.5	(composite score : total # of all observed behaviors)
2	21	9.3	9.5	
3	51	22.6	23.1	
4	33	14.6	14.9	
	5	2.2	#missed	observations
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 221

ATTITUDES

As the customer being observed was about to leave the produce department, the interviewer was instructed to intercept that customer and ask them if they would be willing to do a 2 minute survey. The following are questions that the customer was asked to respond to (in writing) on the survey form.

DID YOU NOTICE THE FOOD ALLIANCE SEAL/SIGN IN THE PRODUCE AREA?

			Valid			
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent			
no	145	64.2	82.4			
yes	31	13.7	17.6			
	50	22.1	#people wh	no decline	d to resp	ond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid	cases:	176

DID THIS SEAL/SIGN INFLUENCE YOUR DECISION TO BUY THE PRODUCE?

		Valid			
		Percent	Percent	Frequency	Value
		93.6	70.8	160	no
		6.4	4.9	11	yes
ined to respond	who declin	#people w	24.3	55	
d cases: 171	Valid	100.0	100.0	226	Total

DO YOU LOOK FOR PRODUCTS THAT SAY THEY ARE ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY?

	Valid			
	Percent	Percent	Frequency	Value
	43.5	32.7	74	no
	56.5 <<	42.5	96	yes
lined to respond	#people who	24.8	56	
id cases: 170	100.0	100.0	226	Total

The survey participant was asked to use this rating when evaluating their attitudes about the following statements :

5 = strongly agree / 4 = agree / 3 = neutral / 2 = disagree / 1 = strongly disagree

HOW FOOD IS GROWN AFFECTS THE ENVIRONMENT.

		Valid		
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
neutral	23	10.2	13.0	
agree	65	28.8	36.7	37% agree with statement
strongly agree	89	39.4	50.3	}
	49	21.7	#people w	who declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 177

PRODUCTS THAT CLAIM TO BE ENVIRONMENTALLY FRIENDLY SHOULD BE CERTIFIED AS SUCH.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagree	e 1	. 4	.6	
disagree	4	1.8	2.3	
neutral	22	9.7	12.4	
agree	68	30.1	38.4	} 85% agree with statement
strongly agree	82	36.3	46.3	}
	49	21.7	#people w	ho declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 177

I WOUILD BE WILLING TO PAY MORE FOR PRODUCE GROWN IN AN ENVIRONMENTALLY RESPONSIBLE MANNER.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagree	e 2	.9	1.1	
disagree	13	5.8	7.4	
neutral	53	23.5	30.1	
agree	82	36.3	46.6	} 62% agree with statement
strongly agree	26	11.5	14.8	}
	50	22.1	#people v	vho declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 176

IT IS IMPORTANT FOR ME TO KNOW HOW MY FOOD IS GROWN.

Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	
strongly disagreed disagree	e 1 4	.4 1.8	.6 2.3	
neutral	42 85	18.6 37.6	23.7	} 74% agree with statement
strongly agree	45 49	19.9 21.7	25.4	yho declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 177

I BELIEVE THERE IS A CONNECTION BETWEEN THE HEALTH OF THE ENVIRONMENT AROUND ME, AND MY WELL-BEING.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
	4.0			
neutral	10	4.4	5.6	
agree	72	31.9	40.7	3 95% agree with statement
strongly agree	95	42.0	53.7	}
	49	21.7	#people v	vho declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 177

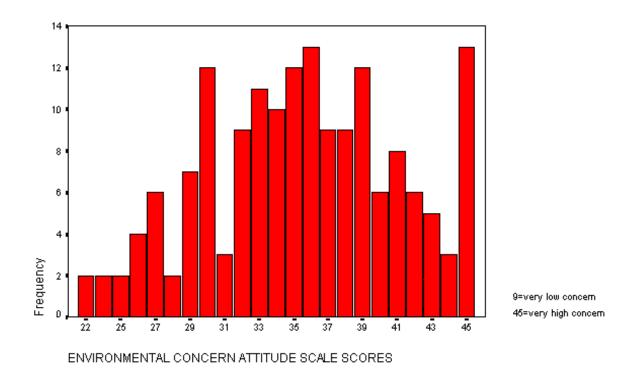
ENVIRONMENTAL CONCERN ATTITUDE SCALE

The following attitude score for measuring "environmental concern" was also used in the attitude portion of this survey. The scores for each individual's level of "environmental concern" are listed below. The distribution of these scores is also shown graphically.

- The lowest possible score (indicating very low environmental concern) is the value 9.
- The highest possible score (indicating very high environmental concern) is the value 45.

These scores are followed by individual analysis of each question that made up the "environmental concern" attitude dimension. Please note that some of the questions were reverse-scored to obtain final attitude scale scores.

"ENVIRONME	NTAL C	ONCERN" A	TTITUDE		ORES
				Valid	
	Score	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
	22	2	.9	1.2	
	23	2	.9	1.2	
	25	2	.9	1.2	
	26	4	1.8	2.4	
	27	6	2.7	3.6	
	28	2	.9	1.2	
	29	7	3.1	4.2	
	30	12	5.3	7.2	
	31	3	1.3	1.8	
	32	9	4.0	5.4	
	33	11	4.9	6.6	
	34	10	4.4	6.0	
	35	12	5.3	7.2	
	36	13	5.8	7.8	average score: 35.5
	37	9	4.0	5.4	lowest score possible: 9
	38	9	4.0	5.4	highest score possible: 45
	39	12	5.3	7.2	
	40	6	2.7	3.6	
	41	8	3.5	4.8	
	42	6	2.7	3.6	
	43	5	2.2	3.0	
	44	3	1.3	1.8	
	45	13	5.8	7.8	
		60	26.5	#people wh	no declined to respond or did
-				notprovid	e answers to all scale items.
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cas	



The survey participant was asked to use this rating when evaluating their attitudes about the following statements :

5 = strongly agree / 4 = agree / 3 = neutral / 2 = disagree / 1 = strongly disagree

Attitude Scale item:

ONE OF THE MOST IMPORTANT REASONS TO CONSERVE IS TO PRESERVE WILD AREAS.

Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	
disagree	11	4.9	6.3	
neutral agree	33 69	14.6 30.5	18.8 39.2	
strongly agree	63 50	27.9 22.1	35.8 #people w	ho declined to respond
Total	 226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 176

Attitude Scale item:

WILD PLANTS AND ANIMALS HAVE A RIGHT TO LIVE UNMOLESTED BY HUMANS.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagree	e 4	1.8	2.3	
disagree	9	4.0	5.1	
neutral	38	16.8	21.5	
agree	53	23.5	29.9	
strongly agree	73	32.3	41.2	
	49	21.7	#people wh	no declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 177

Attitude Scale item:

IN THIS COUNTRY, LAND POLLUTION IS NOT YET ONE OF OUR SERIOUS ENVIRONMENTAL PROBLEMS.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagree	e 9	4.0	5.1	
disagree	11	4.9	6.3	
neutral	14	6.2	8.0	
agree	59	26.1	33.5	
strongly agree	83	36.7	47.2	
	50	22.1	#people w	ho declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 176

Attitude Scale item:

WE MUST PREVENT ANY TYPE OF ANIMAL FROM BECOMING EXTINCT, EVEN IF IT MEANS SACRIFICING SOME THINGS FOR OURSELVES.

Value	Frequency	Percent	Valid Percent	
strongly disagree	e 4	1.8	2.3	
disagree	30	13.3	17.0	
neutral	44	19.5	25.0	
agree	55	24.3	31.3	
strongly agree	43	19.0	24.4	
	50	22.1	#people wh	no declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 176

Attitude Scale item:

I'D BE WILLING TO MAKE PERSONAL SACRIFICES FOR THE SAKE OF SLOWING DOWN POLLUTION EVEN THOUGH THE IMMEDIATE RESULTS MAY NOT SEEM SIGNIFICANT.

			Valid		
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent		
disagree	3	1.3	1.7		
neutral	23	10.2	13.1		
agree	84	37.2	47.7		
strongly agree	66	29.2	37.5		
	50	22.1	#people who c	declined to respond	
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases:	176

Attitude Scale item:

ENDANGERED WILDLIFE SPECIES SHOULD NOT BE PROTECTED IF THE COST OF PROTECTION IS PROHIBITIVE.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagree	e 11	4.9	6.4	
disagree	26	11.5	15.1	
neutral	54	23.9	31.4	
agree	46	20.4	26.7	
strongly agree	35	15.5	20.3	
	54	23.9	#people v	who declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 172

Attitude Scale item:

IT MAKES ME SAD TO SEE NATURAL ENVIRONMENTS DESTROYED.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagre	e 1	. 4	.6	
neutral	7	3.1	4.0	
agree	61	27.0	34.7	
strongly agree	107	47.3	60.8	
	50	22.1	#people v	who declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 176

Attitude Scale item:

UNIQUE ENVIRONMENTS SHOULD BE PROTECTED AT ALL COSTS.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagre	e 5	2.2	2.8	
disagree	18	8.0	10.2	
neutral	43	19.0	24.4	
agree	61	27.0	34.7	
strongly agree	49	21.7	27.8	
	50	22.1	#people who declined to respond	,
Total	226	100.0	100.0 Valid cases: 176	б

Attitude Scale item:

NATURAL ECOSYSTEMS HAVE A RIGHT TO EXIST FOR THEIR OWN SAKE, REGARDLESS OF HUMAN CONCERNS AND USES.

			Valid	
Value	Frequency	Percent	Percent	
strongly disagree	9 4	1.8	2.3	
disagree	23	10.2	13.2	
neutral	32	14.2	18.4	
agree	66	29.2	37.9	
strongly agree	49	21.7	28.2	
	52	23.0	#people w	ho declined to respond
Total	226	100.0	100.0	Valid cases: 174

INTERESTING RELATIONSHIPS IN THE DATA

Surveys Details Surveys taken March 1999 Portland, Oregon



- ♣ five grocery stores
- № 226 respondents
- 85 men, 141 women
- most common age group 40s
- 67% college & graduate educated
- majority high income \$41-60K & +\$100K

Survey results ... attitudes

- 95% believe there is a connection between health of environment and well-being
- \$2.85% believe products that claim to be environmentally friendly should be certified as such



... more attitude results

- \$87% agreed that "How food is grown affects the environment"
- 50-61% would be "willing to pay more for products grown in an environmentally responsible manner"
- THE most credible source of information about their food: word-of-mouth

Attitudes vs. Behavior



Attitude measured by environmental concern scale vs. Behavior as measured by observation variables.

Attitude item: say they look for environmentally friendly products vs.

Behavior: actually reading TFA display

Variance explained attitude vs. behavior: small but significant

The convenience sample size was 226

The number of individual customers who were observed in the produce section but declined to be interviewed was 22% (50 customers). Frequency data presented in the beginning of this report is just that, frequencies of items in the survey.

The following two relationships emerged in the statistical analysis of this data. These are small but significant relationships. It would be nice to collect more data to further evaluate these relationships.

• Regression analysis: The relationship between the attitude scale score and the observed behavior items: attitude scale score = function of (did consumer stop at TFA display?, did consumer pick up apple/pear?, how long did consumer look at display?, how did consumer look at TFA display?)

Adjusted $R^2 \Rightarrow 31\%$ of the variation in attitude score is explained by the behavior variables listed in parentheses. Significant F statistic at the .02 significance level.

• <u>Regression analysis</u>: The relationship between the attitude item "Do you look for products that say they are environmentally friendly?" versus actual observed behavior of reading TFA signs

Adjusted $R^2 => 3\%$ of the variation in the attitude statement is explained by the observed behavior of looking at TFA signage. Significant F statistic at the .01 significance level.

